UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

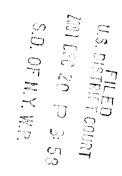
TRUSTEES OF THE BRICKLAYERS AND ALLIED CRAFTWORKERS, LOCAL 5 NEW YORK RETIREMENT, WELFARE, LABOR MANAGEMENT COALITION and APPRENTICE TRAINING AND JOURNEYMEN UPGRADING FUNDS, and BRICKLAYERS AND ALLIED CRAFTWORKERS LOCAL 5 NEW YORK.

COMPLAINT CW 11452

Plaintiffs.

- against -

MARQUISE CONSTRUCTION & DEVELOPMENT CORP. . MARQUISE CONSTRUCTION CORP., and ROSS J. MUSCOLINO, Individually, and MZ CONTRACTING CORP., and COLONIAL SURETY COMPANY (as surety for MARQUISE CONSTRUCTION & DEVELOPMENT CORP.)



JUDGE ROBINSON

Defendants.	
	-X

Plaintiffs, by their attorneys, Gellert & Klein, P.C., for their Complaint, respectfully allege:

- This is an action arising under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act 1. of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §1001, et seq., ("ERISA") and §301 Labor Management Relations Act (LMRA), 29 U.S.C. §185 to:
- recover delinquent contributions owed to employee fringe benefit trust (a) Funds and dues owed to the Union;
 - audit the books and records of defendants; and (b)
- obtain an injunction compelling defendants' compliance with a (c) collective bargaining agreement.

(d) obtain a judicial declaration as to the rights and obligations of the parties with respect to collective bargaining agreements.

JURISDICTION

- 2. The subject matter jurisdiction of this Court is invoked pursuant to §502 and §515 of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §1132, §1145 and §301 LMRA, 29 U.S.C. §185.
- 3. A copy of the Complaint herein is being served on the Secretary of Labor at 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C., 20212 and the Secretary of the Treasury at 15th and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D.C., 20220 by certified mail as required by §502 (h) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §1132 (h).

VENUE

4. This Court is one of proper venue, pursuant to §502 (e) (2) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §1132 (e) (2) and §301 LMRA, 29 U.S.C. §185 because the Funds are administered and maintain a principal place of business at Poughkeepsie, New York.

THE PARTIES

- 5. The Trustee plaintiffs are the trustees of the Bricklayers and Allied Craftworkers Local 5, New York Retirement, Welfare, Labor Management Coalition and Apprentice Training and Journeymen Upgrading Funds ("Funds") which are affiliated with the Bricklayers and Allied Craftworkers Local 5, New York ("Union"). The Trustees are fiduciaries within the meaning of §3 (21) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §1002 (21).
- 6. The Welfare, Labor Management Coalition and Apprentice Training and Journeymen Upgrading Funds are employee welfare benefit plans within the meaning of §3(1) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §1002 (1), established for the purpose of providing medical and other benefits to the employees of contributing employers.

- 7. The Retirement Fund is an employee perision benefit plan within the meaning of §3 (2) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §1002 (2), established for the purpose of providing pension benefits to the employees of contributing employers.
- 8. The Funds constitute multi-employer employee benefit plans within the meaning of §3 (3) and (37) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §1002 (3) and (37).
- 9. The plaintiff Union is a labor organization within the meaning of §2(5) LMRA, 29 U.S.C. §152 (5).
- 10. Upon information and belief, defendant Marquise Construction & Development Corp., (hereinafter "Marquise Development" or a "corporate defendant") is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of New York with its principal place of business at Thornwood, New York.
- 11. Upon information and belief, defendant Marquise Development is also known as Marquise Development Corp.
- 12. Upon information and belief, defendant Marquise Construction Corp. is also known as Marquise Construction Corp., (hereinafter "Marquise Construction" or a "corporate defendant") is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of New York with its principal place of business at Thornwood, New York.
- 13. Upon information and belief, defendant MZ Contracting Corp. (hereinafter "MZ" or a "corporate defendant") is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of New York with its principal place of business at Yonkers, New York.
- 14. Upon information and belief, the individual defendant Ross J. Muscolino (hereinafter "Muscolino" or the "individual defendant") is an employer within the meaning of both §3(5) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §1002(5) and §2(2) LMRA, 29 U.S.C. §152(2).

- Upon information and belief, the individual defendant is the President and the 15. largest shareholder of Marquise Development and Marquise Construction.
- Upon information and belief, the individual defendant is among the ten (10) 16. largest shareholders of Marquise Development and Marquise Construction.

FIRST CLAIM (CORPORATION UNDER §515 OF ERISA)

- Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding **17**. paragraphs in their entirety.
- At all relevant times, the corporate defendants were party to a collective 18. bargaining agreement (CBA) with the Union. Under the terms of the CBA, the corporate defendants were and are obligated to file employment reports and make contributions to the Funds for all hours worked by their employees in covered employment.
- 19. Despite repeated efforts by the Funds to collect the contributions owed, the corporate defendants remain delinquent in their contributions.
- Upon information and belief, the corporate defendants have failed to make 20. their contractually required contributions to the Funds and dues to the Union, for the period August 29, 2007-October 30, 2007 and the total amount currently owed by the corporate defendants is estimated to be \$8,464.00. The precise figure cannot be determined because the corporate defendants have failed to submit the required accurate employment reports for those months in which they were required to make contributions under the CBA and §209 of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. §1059.
- Upon information and belief it is anticipated that the delinquency may grow 21. during the pendency of this action if the corporate defendant fails to remit contributions as they become due.

SECOND CLAIM (INDIVIDUAL AS AN EMPLOYER UNDER ERISA)

- 22. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs in their entirety.
- As an employer, as such term is defined by ERISA, and upon information and 23. belief, having disregarded the corporate form, undercapitalized the corporate defendant, mixed corporate and personal assets and having engaged in actions, inactions, misuse of assets and improprieties all of which have left the corporate defendant with insufficient assets with which to pay the contributions owed to the Funds, the individual defendant may be held jointly and severally liable with the corporate defendant for the delinquent contributions owed to the Funds and Union.

THIRD CLAIM (INDIVIDUAL FIDUCIARY LIABILITY UNDER ERISA)

- Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding 24. paragraphs in their entirety.
- Pursuant to the CBA, the corporate defendant were obligated to deduct 25. contributions owed to the Funds and dues owed to the Union from its employees' pay and promptly remit such contributions to the Funds and Union.
- 26. The contributions and dues so deducted from the employees' pay constitute plan assets of plaintiff Funds and Union.
- Upon information and belief, such contributions and dues which were 27. deducted from the employees' pay were not remitted to the Funds and Union.
- Upon information and belief, such contributions and dues were deposited to 28. Marguise defendants' general accounts thereby co-mingling such plan assets with the Marquise defendants' general assets.

- Upon information and belief, the individual defendant made the decision to 29. so co-mingle and use said plan assets and dues to pay the Marquise defendants' general creditors instead of remitting the same to the Funds and Union.
- Upon information and belief, the individual defendant used said plan assets 30. and dues to pay creditors of the Marquise defendants rather than remitting said plan assets and dues to the Funds and Union.
- Upon information and belief the individual defendant made the decisions 31. about which of the Marquise defendants' creditors to pay out of its general account.
- Upon information and belief the individual defendant determined which of 32. Marguise's creditors would be paid and in what order.
- Upon information and belief the individual defendant failed to segregate the 33. contributions and dues owed to the plaintiff Funds and Union and remit the same to the Funds and Union on a timely basis with the required reports.
- Upon information and belief, the individual defendant did thereby exercise 34. authority and control respecting the disposition of plan assets of the Funds and dues owed to the Union and the individual defendant thereby acted as a fiduciary with respect to the Funds and Union for purposes of imposing personal liability under ERISA.

FOURTH CLAIM (UNDER LMRA)

- Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding 35. paragraphs in their entirety.
- At all relevant times, the corporate defendants were party to a CBA with the 36. Union which agreement covers employees in an industry affecting commerce as defined in the LMRA. Under the terms of the agreement, the corporate defendants were and are

obligated to make and file employment reports, pay wages to its employees and make contributions to the Funds.

37. Despite repeated efforts by the Union to collect the dues and contributions owed, all corporate defendants remain delinquent and thereby are in breach and violation of the CBA.

FIFTH CLAIM (INDIVIDUAL AS EMPLOYER UNDER LMRA)

- 38. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs in their entirety.
- 39. As an employer within the meaning of §2(2) LMRA, the individual defendant may each be held jointly and severally liable for the dues and delinquent contributions owed pursuant to the CBA.

SIXTH CLAIM (FEDERAL COMMON LAW CONVERSION)

- 40. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs in their entirety.
- 41. Upon information and belief, the individual defendant exercised unauthorized dominion and control over said contributions and dues and interfered with the Funds' and the Union's legal title and superior right to possession of the deducted contributions and dues.
- 42. The Marquise defendants were obligated to pay the deducted contributions and dues to the Funds and Union.
- 43. Upon information and belief, the individual defendant exercised dominion and control over the deducted contributions and dues in a manner inconsistent with the rights of the Funds and the Union.

- 44. Upon information and belief, the individual defendant also used the withheld contributions to pay the Marquise defendants' general creditors rather than forwarding those monies to the Funds and Union as required by the collective bargaining agreement.
- 45. The individual defendant is therefore personally liable for such conversion of the deducted contributions and dues owed to the Funds and Union.

SEVENTH CLAIM (AUDIT)

- 46. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs in their entirety.
- 47. Under the terms of the CBA, LMRA and ERISA, an employer is required to make payments to the Funds and the Union based on an agreed sum or percentage for each man-hour of its hourly payroll worked or wages paid in covered employment, and to accurately report such man-hours and wages to the Funds and the Union.
- 48. Under the terms of the Funds' By-Laws, Declaration of Trust, Collective Bargaining Agreement, State and Federal Common Law, LMRA and ERISA, plaintiffs are entitled to audit defendants' books and records.
- 49. Upon information and belief, the corporate defendants have not been reporting, and may be under-reporting, the number of employees, the number of man-hours and wages paid to its employees and contributions and dues due.
- 50. The Funds have made due demand upon the corporate defendants for an audit of the corporate defendants' books and records. This demand has been and continues to be ignored.

EIGHTH CLAIM (INJUNCTION)

51. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs in their entirety.

- 52. Upon information and belief, the corporate defendants may continue the failure to file employment reports and remit contributions and dues as they become due under the terms of the collective bargaining agreement.
- 53. The Funds and Union are thereby threatened with immediate irreparable harm by the corporate defendants' continued failure to file employment reports and remit such contributions and dues as they become due as the defendants, during the pendency of this action, may become insolvent, judgment proof or otherwise unable to pay and the Funds and Union will be deprived of necessary income to sustain operations and information necessary to determine participants' eligibility for benefits.
 - 54. The Funds have no adequate remedy at law.

NINTH CLAIM (PAYMENT BOND)

- 55. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs in their entirety.
- 56. Upon information and belief, defendant the Colonial Surety Company (hereinafter "Colonial") is a corporation organized and existing pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and licensed to do business in the State of New York.
- 57. Upon information and belief on or about July 11, 2007, Marquise Development, as general contractor, entered into a contract with the City of Beacon, New York for The Reconstruction of Sidewalks Along Beacon Street.
- 58. Upon information and belief, said contract provides that payments would be made by the City of Beacon to Marquise Development for work performed and materials furnished under said contract as the work progressed.

- Upon information and belief, pursuant to the contract, Marquise Development 59. agreed to pay all claims of laborers and material suppliers arising out of the contract and for labor and materials furnished in performance and completion of the said contract.
- Upon information and belief, pursuant to the contract Marquise Development 60. agreed to, and did furnish an undertaking pursuant to State Finance Law section 137 conditioned on the payment of all claims of material suppliers and laborers arising out of the contract and for labor and materials furnished in its performance and completion. It was agreed that the bond or undertaking would further provide that all laborers and material suppliers should have a direct right of action thereon.
- 61. Upon information and belief, on or about July 10, 2007, Marquise Development, as principal, and Colonial, as surety, for valuable consideration, executed and furnished to the City of Beacon the undertaking required by said contract in the sum of \$206,405.00 as and for its labor and material payment bond pursuant to section 137 of the State Finance Law of the State of New York, being Bond #CSC-214806.
- 62. Laborers represented by the Union and participating in the plaintiff-Funds, at the request of Marquise Development, furnished labor for such project. The agreed and reasonable value of the labor supplied which remains unpaid is \$8,464.00.
- 63. The said labor was furnished in connection with the construction and erection of the said public improvement by Marquise in the performance and completion of the said contract and was part of the labor required to be furnished by Marquise pursuant to the terms of the said contract.
- The said labor was employed, accepted and approved by Marquise and the 64. City of Beacon.

- Upon information and belief, no part of the claim of plaintiffs has been paid 65. and there is now due and owing to plaintiffs the sum of approximately \$8,464.00 with interest.
- More than ninety (90) days have passed and said sum remains due and 66. unpaid.
 - No part of said sum has been paid despite due notice thereof by plaintiffs. 67.
- This action is commenced within one (1) year from the date when the final 68. payment became due to the plaintiff.

TENTH CLAIM (SINGLE EMPLOYER STATUS)

- Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations contained in the preceding 69. paragraphs in their entirety.
- Upon information and belief since February 1, 1999 and at all relevant times, 70. defendants Marquise Development and Marquise Construction have constituted a single integrated business enterprise without an arm's length relationship but instead with many common attributes including business and corporate structure, ownership, control, management, operation, bargaining unit, office location, real estate, equipment, facilities, tools, management, employees, supervisors, customers, business purpose, advisors, vendors, banks, workforce, insurers, professionals, telephones, telefaxes, sureties, financial obligations, subcontractors, trade associations, assets, compensation and employee benefits.
- 71. By reason of the foregoing, defendants Marquise Development and Marquise Construction constitute double breasts, alter egos, successors and a single employer for all purposes relevant hereto.

- 73. There is a case or controversy between plaintiffs and defendants as to the application of the CBAs and as to whether Marquise Development and Marquise Construction constitute double breasts, alter egos, successors and/or a single employer.
 - 74. Plaintiffs have no adequate remedy at law.

WHEREFORE, plaintiffs respectfully request the following:

- (a) Judgment on this claim in favor of the plaintiffs against defendants Marquise Construction & Development Corp. (aka Marquise Development Corp.) and Marquise Construction Corp., and Ross J. Muscolino, and MZ Contracting Corp. all jointly and severally in the amount of contributions and dues owing of \$8,464.00, plus any additional monies that may be determined to become justly due and owing to the Funds and Union during the pendency of this action and before final judgment; plus
- (b) Prejudgment interest, computed at the plan rate or applicable United States Treasury rate from the date on which the first payment was due, being seven (7) days after the start of the period as stated above on the total amount owed by defendants;
- (c) Penalty interest or liquidated damages;
- (d) Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees, auditor's fees, costs and disbursements;
- (e) An order requiring defendants to submit all books and records to plaintiffs for audit at defendants' cost;
- (f) A preliminary injunction requiring defendants to submit timely reports and make timely contributions to the plaintiff Funds and Union as they become due under the terms of and for the duration of the collective bargaining agreement;

- A mandatory injunction (1) requiring defendants to submit timely (g) reports and make timely contributions to the plaintiff Funds and Union as they become due under the terms of and for the duration of the collective bargaining agreement; (2) enjoining the defendants from violating the terms of the CBA by failing to make timely contributions to the Funds and Union; (3) directing the defendants to pay all delinguent contributions to the Funds and Union and to resume making the contributions on a timely basis; (4) prohibiting the defendants from performing any masonry work (as defined by the CBA) in the geographic jurisdiction of the Union until they have complied with (1), (2), (3) above; and
- Judgment against defendant Colonial Surety Company in the sum of (h) \$8,464.00 together with plaintiffs' attorneys' fees, interest and the costs and disbursements of this action.
- A declaration that defendants Marquise Development & Construction (i) Corp., and Marquise Construction Corp. constitute alter egos, double breasts, successors and/or a single employer;
- Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper. (j)

Dated: December 15, 2007

By:

STEPHEN E. EHLERS (SE) 3094

Attorneys for Plaintiffs 75 Washington Street Poughkeepsie, NY 12601 (845) 454-3250